

23/8/21

HOME ASSIGNMENT

1. How much is the gravitational force that keeps an artificial satellite of mass 3500 kg in orbit around the earth at an altitude of 4200 km.

(Q) 12500 N

Given: Mass of artificial satellite = 3500 kg
Altitude = 4200 km

First find the acceleration due to gravity

$$g = (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) \left(\frac{6400 \text{ km}}{6400 \text{ km} + 4200 \text{ km}} \right)^2 = 3.57 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\text{Then, } W = mg = (3500 \text{ kg}) (3.57 \text{ m/s}^2) = 12500 \text{ N}$$

2. The value of g is maximum -

(1) At poles of earth

3. A stone is thrown vertically upwards and caught at the point of projection after 10 seconds. The time taken by the stone to reach the highest point is -

(1) 5 sec

Time taken to go upwards is equal to time taken to travel downwards from the same height.

According to second equation of motion,

$$S_1 = ut - \frac{1}{2}gt^2 \quad (1)$$

$$S_2 = \frac{gt^2}{2} \quad (2)$$

Equation (1) and (2)

$$ut = gt^2$$

$$u = gt$$

Now according to the law of free fall • time of ascent = time of descent

$$\text{for } 2t = 10 \text{ secs}$$

$$t = 5 \text{ secs}$$

4. The period of a satellite in a circular orbit of radius R is T , the period of another satellite in a circular orbit of radius $4R$ is -

(3) $8T$

$$\frac{T_1}{T_2} = \left(\frac{R_1}{R_2} \right)^{3/2} = \left(\frac{R}{4R} \right)^{3/2} \Rightarrow T_2 = 8T_1$$