

# **WELCOME TO THE VIRTUAL CLASS**

## **SOCIAL SCIENCE**

**SUBJECT : HISTORY**

**CHAPTER NUMBER: 02**

**CHAPTER NAME : NATIONALISM IN INDIA**

**PPT: 1 of 6**

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**CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW**

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# NATIONALIS M



IN INDIA

# NATIONALISM

- Nationalism is the feeling of oneness among the people living in a territory.



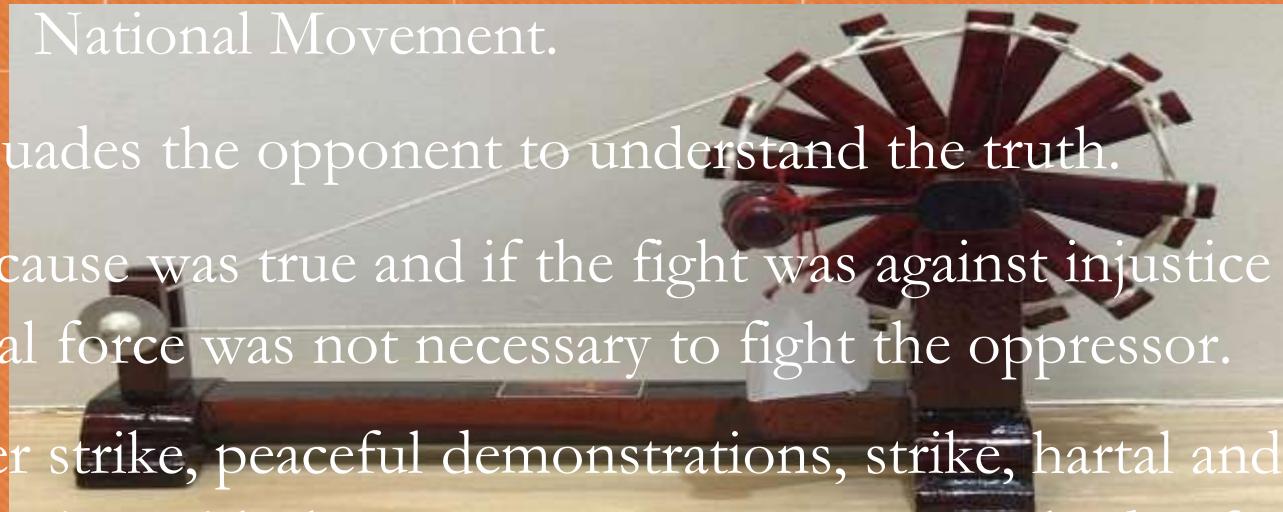
# LEARNING OUTCOMES

**The Pupil will be able to:-**

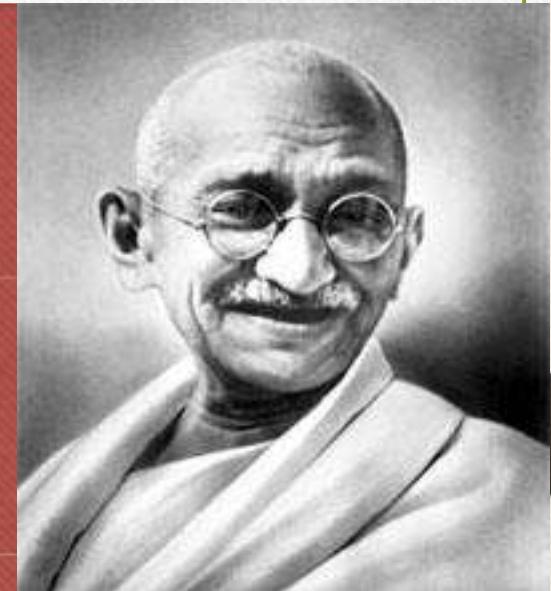
- Comprehend the topic taught in class VIII.
- Understand the meaning of Nationalism.
- Realize the need and importance of Satyagraha.
- Analyze the importance of Truth and Non-Violence.
- Identify the different places where Mahatma Gandhi started his initial Satyagraha.

# WHAT IS THE IDEA OF SATYAGRAHA?

- Satyagraha literally means holding on to truth or truth force.
- It was a non-violent struggle introduced by Gandhiji in the Indian National Movement.
- It persuades the opponent to understand the truth.
- If the cause was true and if the fight was against injustice then physical force was not necessary to fight the oppressor.
- Hunger strike, peaceful demonstrations, strike, hartal and non cooperation with the government are some methods of Satyagraha



# GANDHIAN SATYAGRAHA



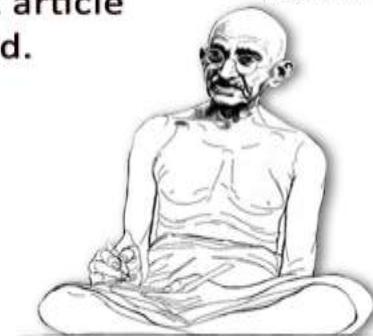
- Gandhiji came back to India in 1915. He introduced a new powerful method of struggle called Satyagraha.



**NON-VIOLENCE**  
is the first article of my faith.  
It is also the last article  
of my creed.

M. K. Gandhi

MAHATMA, Vol. 2, p. 97



Bombay Sarvodaya Mandal - Gandhi Research Foundation

AN EYE FOR AN EYE  
ONLY ENDS UP  
MAKING THE  
WHOLE WORLD

  
**BLIND**

- Gandhi

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## FIRST THREE SATYAGRAHA MOVEMENTS ORGANISED BY MAHATMA GANDHI

- **Champaran Movement [1916]:** It was a movement of workers in the indigo plantations of the Champaran district of Bihar. It was against the oppressive plantation system.
- **Kheda Movement[1917]:** Crop failure and plague epidemic made the life of the farmers miserable in the Kheda district of Gujarat.
- **Mill Workers Movement:** Low wages and poor working conditions forced the mill workers of Ahmadabad to start a movement under Gandhiji's leadership in 1918.

**THANKING YOU  
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