

SESSION NO: 2

CLASS :IV

SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE

CHAPTER NUMBER: 4

CHAPTER NAME : THE NORTHERN PLAINS

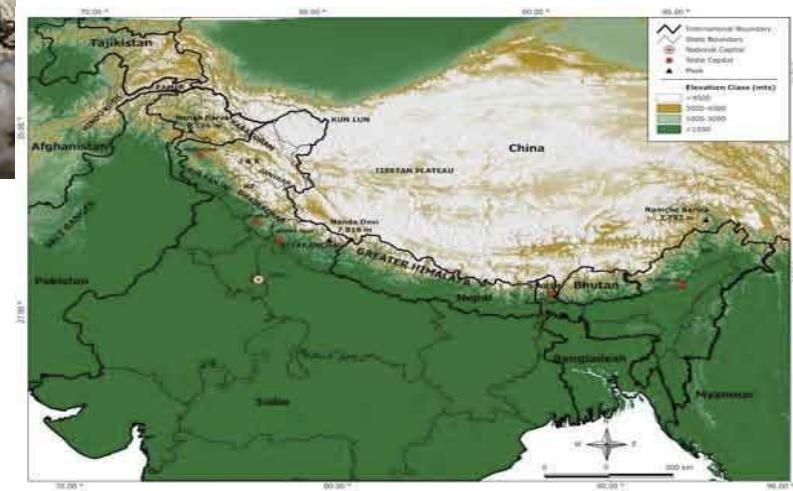
**SUBTOPIC : Life in the Northern Plains - Uttar Pradesh,
Bihar**

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

Children will come to know about-

- Life lead by the people of Uttar Pradesh, Bihar**
- Festivals belongs to the states.**
- Occupations**



Recapitulations:

Q. Punjab is fed by the _____, _____, _____ rivers.

Ans. Satluj, Ravi and Beas.

Q. The famous Golden Temple is situated in the city of _____.

Ans. Amritsar

Q. Name some main festivals celebrated in Punjab.

Ans. Gurpurb, Baisakhi, Holi and Diwali.

Q. Where is Haryana situated?

Ans. Haryana is situated in the Satluj Basin.

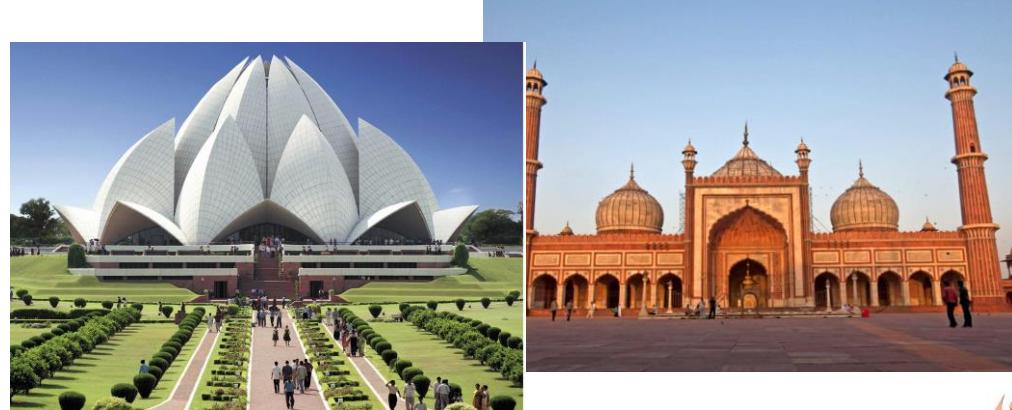
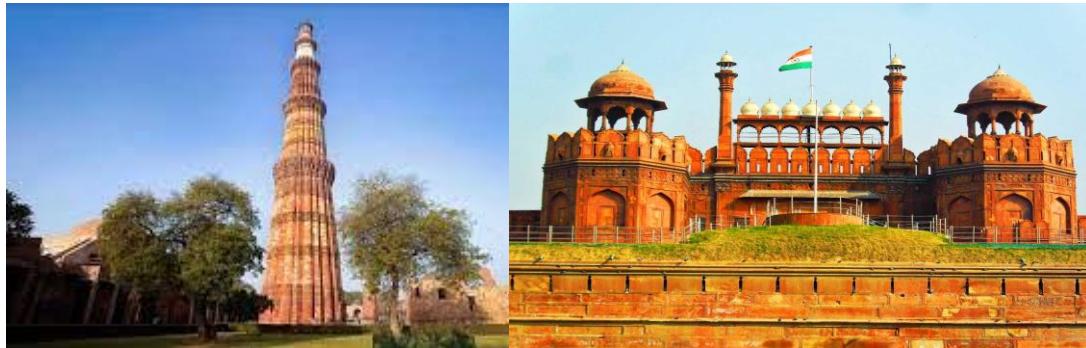
Delhi

- **Delhi is the capital of India.**
- **The offices of the President and Prime Minister of India, and all Central Government offices are located in New Delhi.**
- **The main languages spoken- Hindi, English, Punjabi and Urdu.**



There are many monuments of historical importance in Delhi

- Qutb Minar
- Red Fort
- Jama Masjid
- India Gate
- Jantar Mantar
- the Bahai or Lotus Temple.



Uttar Pradesh

Uttar Pradesh is a large and thickly populated state.

Its capital is Lucknow.

The land in Uttar Pradesh is very fertile, as the state is situated in the Ganga Basin.



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Leather, metal and textiles are some of the major industries.



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- The main languages spoken are Hindi and Urdu.
- Diwali, Holi, Dusshera, Eid and Christmas are the main festivals.
- Allahabad (Prayagraj), Varanasi, Agra and Kanpur are some important cities.
- The rivers Ganga and Yamuna meet at the Sangam in Allahabad (Prayagraj).
- It is considered to be a holy place by the Hindus.



- ❑ Bihar is towards the east of Uttar Pradesh.
- ❑ It is also situated in the Ganga Basin and is a thickly populated state.
- ❑ Its capital is Patna.
- ❑ The soil of Bihar is extremely fertile which makes it ideal for agriculture.
- ❑ The main industries here are based on agriculture.



- Hindi, Urdu and Maithili are the main languages of the state.
- Eid, Diwali and Dusshera are the main festivals.
- Chhatt is an important traditional festival.
- Nalanda and Bodh Gaya are cities of historical importance in Bihar.



Answer the following questions:

Q 2. What makes the Northern Plains so fertile?

Ans. The rivers that flow down from the mountains bring fine Alluvial soil with them which makes Northern Plains so fertile.

LEARNING OUTCOME:

Children will be able to -
- more about the life of the people of the Northern Plains.

**THANKING YOU
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